

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Wednesday, January 28, 1747.

Since our last arrived a Holland Mail.

From Wye's Letter, London, Jan. 22.

THERE is certain Advice, that the French have given up Antibes to the Austrians, and that there has been an Action in Provence, greatly to the Disadvantage of the French. By the Irish Mail this Day we have Advice, that a Portuguese Ship is arrived at Cork from Lisbon; and by her we have an Account of the great Success of the British Privateers in the Mediterranean, Numbers of Prizes being taken daily, and carried into Lisbon, some of them very rich.

This Day at the South Sea House, a Dividend of 2 per Cent. for the half Year due at Christmas last, was declared on the Company's Stock, to be paid the 23d and 24th of February, the Books to be opened the 17th of that Month.

This Day the Commons read a second Time the Bill to repeal the Act for prohibiting Commerce with Spain.

Proceeded on the Call of the House; and 'tis said some were ordered into Custody for Non-attendance.

The Lords ordered the Trial of Lord Lovat to come on the 23d proximo.

From the General Evening Post, Jan. 22.

Bern, Jan. 18. By the Advices received from Italy, relating to what passes at Genoa, the Council of Four, which was immediately established after the Revolt, has been abolished by a General Assembly of the People, who formed a new Council of Thirty six Persons, of all Professions, excluding all Noblemen. This College is to assemble every Day for the Direction of Affairs; and are to give Account of their Transactions to the General Assembly every Fortnight. The Heads of this modern Government have likewise coined Money, to serve the Necessities of the State. This Coin has on one Side St. John the Baptist, Patron of the City; and on the Reverse these Words, *Pro Libertate*.

From the London Evening Post, Jan. 22.

Genoa, Jan. 7. On the 30th of last Month an Edict was posted up in all the publick Places of this City, in the Name of the most Serene Government, forbidding any Persons whatsoever to molest the Subjects of this Republick, either within or without the City, or to enter their Shops and Houses under any Pretence of searching for Arms, Ammunition, Provisions, &c. on pain of being punished by Banishment, the Gallies, or even with Death itself. The same Punishments are threatened to such as shall disturb Portengers of any Nation whatsoever during their Residence here, or in carrying on their Commerce. All the Duties upon Coals and Wood are

taken off, so is the Tax upon Rice, and half the Customs upon fresh and salt Meat, to the great Joy of the People. The Number of Persons in Arms within the Dominions of this State are about 50,000. We compute the Provisions and Ammunition in our Magazines sufficient for three Years. All the People seem determin'd to defend themselves to the last Extremity, but the Nobility who have at present no Share in the Government, and have a Centinel posted at each of their Palaces, seem not a little out of Humour, and even complain that the Tyranny of the People is more insupportable than that of the Austrians. We have hitherto received no Succours or Supplies whatever.

Nice, Jan. 11. A Courier from Provence arrives here almost every Day. He that came in this Day has brought Letters with ample Accounts, according to which General Brown has detached several Parties of Croats and Slavonians, to reduce the Peasants in certain Places along the River Verdon, who have taken up Arms notwithstanding the Menaces against those that should behave so. Count Brown had likewise sent General Gallenni and M. Mebbing, for the second Time, to Antibes, in order to summon the Count de Sade to deliver up the Place, offering him as honourable a Capitulation as he could wish for. But the French Commandant made Answer, 'That he set too great a Value on the Esteem of M. Brown, to run the Risk of forfeiting it, by delivering up a Town which was not yet beleagued in Form; and that it might be depended upon he would not surrender 'till the last Extremity.' The best Accounts of the Strength of Antibes, make the Garrison to consist of seven Battalions. Since the Place has been invested, the Count de Sade has made several Sallies on the most advanced Posts of the Besiegers, and keeps a constant and brisk Fire with his Artillery, in order to hinder or retard the Approaches.

Vienna, Jan. 14. After divers Conferences held at the Palace on the Affairs of Genoa, we are assured the Empress Queen has writ to the Marquis Pallavicini at Milan, 'That in her great Clemency she will vouchsafe to use Moderation towards the Revolters, provided they will unfeignedly submit, and give Security for their future good Behaviour, &c.' It is likewise said that her Imperial Majesty orders the Marquis at the same time to treat with the Republick upon reasonable Conditions, and in such a manner as may not wound the Empress's Honour.

Vienna, Jan. 16. Sixteen Battalions more are just ordered to march to the Army in Flanders.

Paris, Jan. 20. By the last Letters from Brest we hear, that the Duke de Penthièvre presses so earnestly the Armament carrying on there, that the Fleet will be ready to put to Sea some time next Month.



Hague, Jan. 28. By an Express arrived from the Army of the Allies in Provence, we have an Account, that nothing delays their Operations but the Want of Forage, for as to Provisions they are well enough supplied by Sea. General Roth, who commands before Antibes, caused three false Batteries to be erected, with a little one behind them, on which he mounted five Pieces of Cannon. This caused a prodigious Fire from the Place, so that the Enemy wasted 800 Bullets upon Turfs and Fascines that were only heaped together for them to fire at. In the midst of this Firing, some Croats and Pandours observing a great Flock of Sheep feeding on the Glacis of the Place, were so hardy as to attempt driving them away, and so lucky as to accomplish it, with the loss only of 3 or 4 Men.

LONDON, Jan. 22. A Cartel Ship from St. Malo brings an Account, that the French are fitting out at Brest 20 Men of War for another Expedition; but whither intended is not mentioned.

We hear the Alteration that will be made in the Window-Tax is to be as follows, viz. Every House that is charged to the Poor to pay 2 s. and those Houses that have from 10 Windows, and under 15, to pay 6 d. for each Window; and those from 15 and under 20, to pay 9 d. those of 20 and upwards, to pay 1 s. those under 10, to pay nothing as to Windows, but to pay the 2 s. upon the House charged to the Poor.

On Monday last Capt. Mackenzie was married at Whitehall Chapel to Miss Hughes, of Scotland-Yard, Daughter of Col. Hughes; a beautiful young Lady, with a large Fortune.

On Tuesday an Express arrived from Bath, with an Account of the Death of George Middleton, Esq; an eminent Banker in the Strand.

By the Castor, arrived at Pool from Lisbon, we hear that four Sail of his Majesty's Ships were, at the Departure of the above Ship, on the 27th inst, carrying in a Spanish Man of War of 60 Guns, which they had taken on a Cruise, and were in Sight of the Rock of Lisbon when the above Ship parted from them.

The Martha and Elizabeth, Seagur, from Newfoundland for Pool, and the Roscot Privateer, of Guernsey, are both taken by the Spaniards, and the Seahorse, Fowler, from Southampton for Guernsey, is taken by the French and carried into Morlaix.

The Shirley, Chase, from Boston to Antigua, is taken by the French within 5 Leagues of that Island, and carried into Martinico.

From the St. James's Evening Post, Jan. 22.

Genoa, Dec. 27. O. S. The Master of a Vessel arrived from Monaco reports, That at his Departure he left there five Ships filled with Spanish Troops; for what Use was a Secret. He further adds, that Advice was received there, that the Austrians had stormed the City of Antibes, but that they had been repulsed with Loss.

Milan, Dec. 27. O. S. We are informed, that the Genoese have entirely ruined the Roads which lead from the Bochetta to the Capital of that Republick, so that they are unpassable, especially for the Artillery. 'Tis assured, that they have done the same by the Ways through which the Piedmontese pass, and that they had carried

off all the Provisions and Forage, except what was necessary for the Subsistence of the Inhabitants.

Great Quantities of Provisions and Forage are amassing at Sale and Voghera, for the Service of the Army which is to march against Genoa; and 'tis said that General Pallavicini will soon go to Novi, to see the Troops, and regulate the Operations, the Marquis de Botta being called home. It is proposed to make the Attack in several Places at once, namely; at the Bochetta, Aqui, and the River du Ponant, while twelve Piedmontese Battalions advance by the Levant River, and the English attack from the Sea. The Army is said to consist of 25000 Men. Several Parties of Rebel Peasants have presented themselves before the Castle of Gavi, but have dispersed upon the Firing of the Cannon.

Nice, Dec. 31. O. S. Letters from Novi of the 28th instant advise, that the Marquis de Botta has resign'd the Command of the Army, and General Linden supplies his Place till the Arrival of another. These Letters add, that the Troops in those Parts were to be augmented to 24000 Men.

Paris, Jan. 12. O. S. The Marquis de Puysieux has accepted the Post of Secretary for Foreign Affairs. There was last Week no less than five Councils held, some of which lasted for several Hours. The Loan negotiated with the Farmers of the Revenue, is for ten Millions. M. Belleisle complains heavily of the Slowness of the Reinforcements that are sent him, and that those that he receives are in a miserable Condition. Both the Sons of the Pretender are gone or going to Brest, where it is given out, an Embarkation is making for their Service; but many People think, this is intended with no other View, than to hinder the English from transporting Reinforcements to the Low Countries. It is still thought that the Count de St. Severin will replace M. de Puysieux at Breda; his Equipage is actually preparing, but it is believed, he will be a good while e'er he sets out.

LONDON, Jan. 22.

We hear, that the Genoese have fitted out two Privateers, which have taken an English Vessel, bound for London, with 45 Bales of Silk, belonging to a Merchant in London.

The Duke of Cumberland will set out for Holland next Week, and stay a Fortnight at the Hague; after which he will put himself at the Head of the Army.

Last Night Prince George and Prince Edward were at St. James's in their Regimentals, when his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland made Prince George a Captain in his new-raised Regiment of Dragoons; and the Duke of Montagu made Prince Edward a Cornet in his Dragoons.

We hear an Order is gone to Ireland for some Regiments there to embark for England.

The Betty and Jenny, MacClois, from Irvine in Scotland for Barbadoes, is taken by the French, and carried into Martinico.

The Merryfield, Ransom, from Newfoundland for England, is lost at Duncain-head in Scotland.

The Sarah and Mary, Mackay, from Carolina to London, is put into New-York.

The Vigilant Man of War, Captain Douglas, from Newfoundland, is arrived at Lisbon.

*The HISTORY of EUROPE,
From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL.*

The principal Advices from the North of Europe amount to these important Particulars; That the Empress of Russia has kept her Birth-day; and that the King of Denmark, notwithstanding his late Indisposition, is able to go a Shooting.

That there might be no Peace between the two great Mahometan Powers, the Turk and the Persian, has been certainly wish'd by the Court of Vienna, and all its Allies: But France, in the mean Time, has been trying her utmost Art, to bring about such a Reconciliation, for Purposes too well known to need repeating. — She has succeeded in her first Step, and labours hard at the rest.

At the Court of Berlin there seems a more peaceable Appearance than we have seen for a good while past; and his Polish Majesty, by what we hear from Dresden, shews an Inclination to unite with France by a conjugal Alliance, and at the same Time to keep up a good Understanding with all the other Powers to whom he has any Engagements.

What the Numbers are that the French have actually sent from the Netherlands for Provence; how many are already arrived there; how many expected; what the Armies either of Marshal Belleisle or Marshal Saxe will amount to upon the whole; are Particulars that perhaps we may not know till their Strength on both Sides is tried by his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland and General Brown.

L O N D O N, Jan. 22.

A List of the General Officers who are to Command in the next Campaign.

His Royal Highness the DUKE, Captain-General.
Sir John Ligonier, General of Horse.
Lieutenant-General Henry Hawley.

Lieutenant Gen. William Anne Earl of Albemarle.
Major Gen. Fuller, Brig. Gen. Bligh,
Husk, Price,
Howard, Mordaunt,
Bland, Houghton,
E. of Crawford, Douglas.

The following is a List of some of the principal Officers, who go with the two Battalions of Foot to Flanders, viz.

Major Wm. E. of Penmore	Colonel Fitzwilliams,
Major Laforay,	Lord Howe,
Lord Oslulton,	Capt. Draper,
Lord George Bentinck,	Capt. Wells,
Lord George Beaucherk,	Capt. Furbar,
Col. Drury,	Capt. Cary,
Col. Hudson,	Capt. Frederick,
Col. Strobe,	Capt. Sheldon,
Col. Buchan,	Capt. Whitwell,
Col. Ingram,	Capt. Cholmley,

Bank Stock 128. India Stock no Price. South Sea Stock no Price.

E D I N B U R G H, January 28.

By a private Letter from London we learn, that his Grace the Duke of Hamilton was to set out the 18th instant for Portsmouth, to embark for Lisbon.

They write from Newcastle, that 16 Transports now at Shields, are soon to sail for Scotland, to carry over Forces to Flanders. — That the Providence of Whitby, George Postgate Master, laden from that Port to London with Bottles, &c. the 4th instant, sprung a Leak, and sunk next Morning in six Fathom Water off Blackney on the Norfolk Coast, but that the Crew saved themselves in their Boat. — That the Merchants of Yarmouth and Leostaff have lately presented Captain Scott, Commander of his Majesty's Sloop the Badger, with a large Silver Punch Bowl, which cost 35 l. and Capt. Grant Commander of another Sloop of War, with a large Silver Cup and Cover, for their Care and Vigilance in protecting the Herring Fishery from the Interruption of the Enemy.

The prodigious Fall of Snow, which began on Monday Night, and still continues, without much Abatement, detained the London Post so long on the Road, that he did not arrive before Five o'Clock Yesternight.

Greenock, Jan. 24. Arrived the Friendship, Shannon, the May, Orr, and the Adventure, Rodger, all from Virginia with Tobacco; the Argyle, Montgomery, from Antigua with Sugar, &c. the Mary, M'Eacheron, and the Jean, Watson, both from Campbellton with Beef, Potatoes, &c.

Sailed the Dove, Brown, for Dublin with Tobacco, and the Dove, Edwards, with Molasses and sundry Kinds of Merchant Goods.

A D V E R T I S E M E N T S.

ARRUTHNOTT and DEWAR opposite to the Entry of the Parliament close begins this 28th January current to sell off their Goods at the Cost, (their Contract being out)

Great Choice of Silks of all Kinds, mostly of a Colour, as Damasks, Tabbies flower'd and plain, Armozeens, Dupes Mantuas broad and narrow, Sattins ditto, Velvets, Sarge de Soys, Poplines striped and plain, Tobine, Burdetts, Dresdens, Serpentine, Bombazeens and Alpines, with a good Assortment of Worsted Stuffs: As also great Variety of Cloths, German Sarges, corded and plain Druggetts, Seggarhies, Prises, Silver and Gold Laces, Flower'd Velvet and Silk Shapes for Waistcoats, and all Sorts of Hats and Stockings.

N. B. To prevent Confusion, they are to serve the Ladies in the Forenoon, and the Gentlemen in the Afternoon; and the Sale to continue till all is sold.

† The Contributors and Donators of the MAIDEN-HOSPITAL, founded by the Company of Merchants of the City of Edinburgh and MART ERSKINE, are desired to meet in the Hospital Hall upon the second Monday of February next, being the 9th of that Month, at 3 o'Clock Afternoon, to take under their Consideration Proposals for altering and amending some of the Statutes of the said Hospital.

To be SETT for one or more Years after Whitsunday next,

A large convenient well finished LODGING, consisting of five Fire rooms and a Kitchen off Floor, and two Fire-rooms up-stairs, with sundry Closets, Pantries, Pres-

for and other Conveniences, all well lighted, and two good Cellars. The principal Entry to which is in the Old Bank Close, and it has also an Entry by Gosford's Close, and is presently possessed by the Lord Provost of the City. Any Person inclining to take, may commune with Andrew Chalmer Writer at his House in Jackson's Close, opposite to the Guards.

To be SOLD by publick voluntary Roup on Thursday the 6th Day of February next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffeehouse, Edinburgh.

That large TENEMENT of Land which belonged to the deceased Baillie James Newlands, consisting of several very commodious Dwelling houses, with the Cellars contiguous thereto, lying in Halkerston's Wynd, on the North-side of the High-street, Edinburgh, all insured in the first Class of the Edinburgh Insurance, and the Premium paid. The Progress of Writs, Rental and Conditions of Sale, to be seen in the Hands of John Anderson Writer, at the House of Robert Orrrok Barber near the Weigh-house, Edinburgh.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be exposed to publick voluntary Roup, in the House of William Duncan Vintner in Perth, upon Monday the 9th of February next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 Afternoon.

The Lands of WINTHANK, lying near the Town of Perth, belonging to Patrick Davidson of Woodmilk, holding Feu of the Hospital of Perth, and paying of yearly Rent 40 Bolls of Bear, and 4 l. 16 s. Scots of Money, out of which is to be deducted 4 l. of Feu-duty and 2 l. of Ground-annual payable yearly to the said Hospital. The Rental, Progress of Writs and Articles of Roup are to be seen in the Hands of John Richardson Sheriff clerk of Perth.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be exposed to Sale on Monday the 2d of February next, in the Laigh Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon.

The Lands of BELSTOUN, comprehending BATHSHAW, belonging to Daniel Carmichael of Mauldsley, lying within the Parish of Carluke and Sheriffdom of Lanerk, holding Taxward of the Crown, and pays of yearly Rent 200 l. 16 s. 1 d. 3 of a Penny, Sterling Money; 132 Hens, 168 Load of Coals, 12 long Carriages, 10 short Carriages, and 39 Days shearing Days, besides a fine Lime-Quarry, which was set this Year at 6 Guineas, and is set for the next at 8 l. Sterling. There is likewise on these Lands a Wood, which, if preserved, will in a few Years be of considerable Value, and likewise an inexhaustible Moir, and the Lands are very improveable. Any who has a Mind to purchase, may commune with William Frazer Junior Writer to the Signet, at his House in Don's Close, in whose Hands the Articles of Sale and Progress of Writs are to be seen.

¶ The annual General Meeting of the Edinburgh Shipping Company is to be held in the High Council house of Edinburgh, upon Monday the 2d Day of February next, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, where all the Partners are desired to attend.

Robert Macklellan Clk. &c.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and sold at the Printing-house in the Parliament-close; where Advertisements and Subscriptions are taken in.

N. B. There is a Proposal of freighting one of the Company's Ships to America.

¶ ARCHIBALD EAGLE Merchant in Smith's Land, opposite to Black Friars Wynd, Edinburgh, and Seedsmen to the Honourable Society for improving Agriculture, has just now imported from the best Places abroad, a curious Collection of new and fresh GARDEN and GRASS SEEDS, (especially a Quantity of good English Rye Grass to be sold cheaper than usual) with great Variety of Flower Seeds, and several Kinds of Tree Seeds, particularly fine Acorns; so that all Persons who have already given Commission for such Seeds may immediately call for them, and all others who want can be furnished at as cheap and low Prices as any where else in Town: Likewise may be had every Sort of Garden Utensils, as also fine Durham and Isle of May Flower of Mustard, new Kentish Hops, and all manner of Falcon Graith, &c.

To be exposed to Sale by way of publick Roup at John's Coffee-house in Edinburgh on Thursday the 29th of January 1747, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon.

That TENEMENT of Land, Yard, Barns and Malt-heads, consisting of 14 Roods of Land, lying in the Town of Innerleevin, and presently possessed by Walter Orrrok Merchant in Leven. The Progress of the Writs and Conditions of Sale are to be seen in the Hands of Andrew Picairn Writer in Edinburgh.

To be SETT or SOLD and entred to immediately.

A convenient LODGING in the World's end close, (the second within the Netherbow-port, South side of the Street, Edinburgh) being a whole Tenement entering by itself, and containing Dining room, Drawing room, five Bed rooms, and a good Kitchen, and Cellars, with Pantries, Closets and other Accommodations, and a large Area or Piece of waste Ground to the North of the Tenement. — It is insured in the first Class of the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance, and the Premium paid. — The Key lies in the House of White, next Door to the Lodging. And any Person inclining to become Tenant or Purchaser, will be informed by Andrew Chalmer Writer, at his House in Jackson's Close, opposite to the Guard, as to Rental, Progress and Conditions of Sale.

¶ That the Lands of DRYGRANGE, consisting both of Stock and Farm Ground, lying in the Shire of Roxburgh and Parish of Melrose, and pleasantly situated betwixt the joining of the Tweed and Eider, are to be SETT in Tack for a Term of Years from Whitsunday next 1747; and for the better Accommodation of the Tenant, he may have the Mansion-house, Garden at the Back thereof, Office houses, and a good large Pigeon-house, besides the Tenant's House newly built, Garden and Office houses thereto belonging, all in good Repair. For the Rent, Terms of Tack, and further Particulars, enquire at Alexander McMillan Writer to the Signet, John Grant Writer in Durie's Office, Edinburgh, or John Grant Writer in Melrose, who will go along with any Person inclining to be Tacksmen, and shew the Grounds and other Particulars to be sett.